



# Review of the plants with anti-inflammatory activity studied in Brazil

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**ABSTRACT:** The inflammatory reaction is a response of the organism against an injury and it involves the action of complex events and mediators through of the blood vessels. The present work is a literature survey of the extracts of plants with anti-inflammatory activity studied in Brazil. The review refers to 75 plants with their families, parts used, type of extract used, bioassay models and their activity.

**Keywords:** Anti-inflammatory activity, medicinal plants, natural products, review.

## INTRODUCTION

Inflammation or flogose is a reaction of the tissue blood vessels against aggressor agent characterized by access of liquids and of cells to interstice (Lope et al., 1987). The inflammatory reaction is characterized by blush, heat, tumor, pain and lost function (Dassoler et al., 2004).

There are many causes for the inflammations, but the mechanisms are common to all. The inflammatory agent acts in the cell membranes inducing the activation of phospholipase A<sub>2</sub> and consequently, liberates arachidonic acid and metabolites. According to Dassoler et al. (2004) the inflammatory mediators such as cytokine, histamine, serotonin, leukotrienes and prostaglandin increase the vascular permeability to all on the migration leukocytes cells to act on the site of inflamed tissue. Any interruption of this sequence of events results in the reduction of the liberation of the mediators causing the microcirculation to come back to normal hemodynamic state (Lope et al., 1987).

Although, there is a defense mechanism, the complex events and mediators involved in the inflammatory reaction can induce, maintain or aggravate many diseases (Sosa et al., 2002). The non steroidial anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDs) are one of the categories of drugs most frequently used by population. However, these drugs cause adverse gastric reactions, inhibit renal function, reduce the efficacy of the diuretics and retard the angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors (Gaddi et al., 2004).

The use of anti-inflammatory agents is helpful in the therapeutic treatment of the pathologies. The medicinal plants are widely used in folk medicine of many countries to treat different inflammatory conditions and, in particular, skin inflammations. However, for many of the plants in use, the real efficacy and the relevant active

principles are unknown. Consequently, experimental studies aimed at demonstrating the pharmacological properties of these plants and identifying the relevant active principles are needed (Sosa et al., 2002).

In the course of our continuing search for bioactive natural products from plants, we recently published some reviews on crude plant extracts and plant-derived compounds with potential antitumor activity against mammary (Moura et al., 2001), uterine cervical (Moura et al., 2002) and ovarian neoplasia (Silva et al., 2003), antileishmanial activity (Rocha et al., 2005), HMG CoA reductase inhibitors (Gonçalves et al., 2000), central analgesic activity (Almeida et al., 2001), prevention of the osteoporosis (Pereira et al., 2002) and for the treatment of Parkinson's disease (Morais, 2003). In the present work we have reviewed the literature related with plants of the Brazil with anti-inflammatory activity.

## MATERIAL AND METHODS

The anti-inflammatory activity of the plants was searched through the data bank of the University of Illinois in Chicago, the NAPRALERT (Acronym for Natural Products ALERT). The data were updated in December 2004, using anti-inflammatory plants as legend. The plant extracts studied in Brazil were selected for this work and the references found in the search were later consulted for details on the models or mechanisms.

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

It was possible in this review to list seventy five species of medicinal plants with anti-inflammatory activity. Those species are distributed in thirty six families of which the following stood out: Asteraceae, Fabaceae, Euphorbiaceae and Apocynaceae with 10, 10, 5 and 4 species, respectively, studied so far.

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The effectiveness of the plant extracts was dependent on the type of extract used, the model of ulcer induction and the organism tested. Thus, it was possible to classify the extracts as strongly active, active, weakly active, inactive and equivocal.

### Anti-inflammatory activity of crude plant extracts

Plants of the genus *Bouchea* are popularly known as "gervão". The leaves of *Bouchea fluminensis* contain iridoid and steroid glycosides that are present in the form of crude triterpene mixture having anti-inflammatory property. The purified fraction was found to contain ursolic, oleanolic and micromeric acids (Costa et al., 2003).

According to Costa et al. (2003) the anti-inflammatory activity of oleanolic and ursolic acid inhibiting the edema induced by carrageenin or serotonin have been attributed to various mechanisms which include: inhibition of lipoxygenase and cyclo-oxygenase, inhibition of elastase and inhibition of complementary system (possibly through the inhibition on C3-convertase of the classical complementary pathway).

*Gochnatia polymorpha* (Less.) Cabr. is distributed in Southern Brazil and it is known in popular medicine as "cambara". The leaves of this plant have been found to contain sesquiterpenes and lactone derivatives. From *G. polymorpha* leaves were obtained various fractions, and the EtOAc fraction showed significant antiedematogenic activity with a dose level of 150 mg/kg on carrageenin model in rats when this activity was compared to a control group, the amino acid 4-hydroxy-N-methyl-proline, that showed significant inhibition of edema with a dose level 200 mg/kg (Moreira et al., 2000).

*Hyptis pectinata* (L.) Poit (Lamiaceae) is popularly known in Brazil as "sambacaita" or "canudinho". The essential oil of the leaves of this species contains 95.8% of monoterpenes and the aqueous extract of *H. pectinata* leaves was tested in rat for the observation of antiedematogenic effects using the carrageenin and arachidonic acid induced paw edema model. The extract administered orally at the dose of 600 mg/kg exhibited a significant antiedematogenic activity (34.1% inhibition). The doses of 200 and 400 mg/kg did not show any significant differences on the first model. In another set of experiment, the intraperitoneal administration of the extract at the dose level of 300 mg/kg inhibited the rat-paw edema by 33.8%. The results show that the aqueous extract of *H. pectinata* acts on both the cyclooxygenase and lipoxygenase pathways (Bispo et al., 2001).

*Pterodon pubescens* is popularly called "sucupira" in Brazil. Sabino et al. (1999) studied the hydroalcoholic extract of *P. pubescens* seeds in an arthritis model for preventive and therapeutic antiarthritic treatment. The preventive treatment significantly reduced the arthritic index and the arthritis incidence induced

by collagen. Therefore, that study results, provide a preliminary scientific foundation for the use of *P. pubescens* infusions in popular medicine for the treatment of rheumatoid arthritis.

Franzotti et al. (2000) studied *Sida cordifolia* L. (Malvaceae) which is popularly known in Brazil as "malva-branca" or "malva-branca-sedosa". The aqueous extract (AE) of *S. cordifolia* leaves was studied to assess the anti-inflammatory properties using the carrageenin and arachidonic acid induced rat paw edema model. The administration of a dose level of 400 mg/kg of the extract of *S. cordifolia* showed 28.31% reduction in edema, whereas the dose level of 200 mg/kg was ineffective in reducing edema, and the dose of 800 mg/kg inhibited by 7.55% in the model of carrageenin-induced edema. This model involves three distinct phases: (1) the release of histamine and serotonin, (2) the release of kinins and (3) the release of prostaglandins. The arachidonic acid model is highly sensitive to inhibitors of the lipoxygenase pathway and is resistant to selective cyclooxygenase inhibitors. Thus, the dose 200 mg/kg was ineffective as antiedematogenic. According to the results obtained from the inflammation models used in the present study, *S. cordifolia* seems not to interfere with the lipoxygenase pathway but rather with the cyclooxygenase pathway (prostaglandin biosynthesis) (Franzotti et al., 2000).

### CONCLUSION

It can be concluded that studies with new active principles are important for understanding the complex mechanism of inflammation. Academic institutions should invest in this type of study with medicinal plants and thus, contribute to the benefit of the populations needing this type of health care.

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**Table 1.** Extracts of plants with anti-inflammatory activity studied in Brazil.

Family and botanical name	Part used	Extract	Model / Administration	Organism	Result	References
Acanthaceae <i>Justicia pectoralis</i> var. <i>stenophylla</i>	DLF	Hexane-acetone	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Lino et al., 1997
Agavaceae		Hydro-alcoholic Ext.		Rat	Active	Lino et al., 1997
<i>Cordyline dracaenoides</i>	DRZ	EtOH - H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Calixto et al., 1990
Amaranthaceae						
<i>Alternanthera brasiliiana</i>	DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / **	Rat	Inactive	Delaporte et al., 2001
<i>Pfafia iresinoides</i>	DRT	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric Adjuvant-induced arthritis / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Taniguchi et al., 1997
<i>Pfafia paniculata</i>	DRT	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pleurisy / Intragastric Cotton pellet granuloma / Intrag ** / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Taniguchi et al., 1997
<i>Pfafia stenophylla</i>	DRT	EtOH (60%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pleurisy / IP	Rat	Active	Mazzanti et al., 1994
Anacardiaceae			Carrageenan-induced pleurisy / IP	Mouse	Active	Mazzanti et al., 1993
<i>Anacardium occidentale</i>	DBK	Isopropanol - H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Isopropanol - H <sub>2</sub> O (1:1) Ext.	Acetic acid-induced writhing / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Adjuvant-induced arthritis / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Acetic acid-induced writhing / Gastric intubation	Rat	Inactive	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation	Rat	Inactive	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Adjuvant-induced arthritis / Gastric intubation	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Acetic acid-induced writhing / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
	DBK	Shell	Dextran-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Mota et al., 1985
<i>Astronium urundeuva</i>	DBK	Tannin Fraction	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Viana et al., 1997
	DBK	Tannin Fraction	Cyclophosphamide-induced hemorrhagic cystitis / IP	Rat	Active	Viana et al., 1997
	DBK	EIOAC Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Viana et al., 1997
	SB	EIOAC Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Viana et al., 1997
	SB	EIOAC Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Viana et al., 1997
Apocynaceae						
<i>Ervamaria coronaria</i>	DSM	EIOH (95%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Henriques et al., 1996
	DSM	EIOH (95%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Strong activity	Henriques et al., 1996
	DSM	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Weak activity	Henriques et al., 1996
<i>Himatanthus succulba</i>	LX	Hexane Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	De Miranda et al., 2000
<i>Psechiera australis</i> var. <i>australis</i>	DLF	EIOH (100%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Rates et al., 1993
	DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Rates et al., 1993
<i>Mandevilla velutina</i>	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Calixto et al., 1986
	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Calixto et al., 1986
	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Calixto et al., 1986
	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	Snake venom-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Calixto et al., 1986

	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	5-HT-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Calixto et al., 1986
	DRZ	Aqueous-alcoholic Ext.	Platelet aggregating factor-acether-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Inactive	Calixto et al., 1986
	DRZ	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP		Rat	Active	Calixto et al., 1986
	FNRZ	5-HT-induced pedal edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Zymosan induced rat paw edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Bothrops jararaca induced rat paw edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Platelet aggregating factor-acether induced paw edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	EIOH - H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	EIOH - H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Bradykinin-induced pedal edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Cellulose sulfate induced rat paw edema / Intragastric		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	FNRZ	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP		Rat	Active	Henriques et al., 1991
	DEP	Arachidonic-acid induced ear edema / Intragastric		Mouse	Active	Calixto et al., 1991
	DEP	EIOH (95%) Ext.		Mouse	Active	Simões, 1988
	DIF	EIOH (95%) Ext.	Croton oil ear edema test / External	Rat	Active	Simões et al., 1988
	DIF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Simões, 1988
	DIF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Croton oil ear edema test / External	Rat	Active	Simões et al., 1988
	DIF	Hot H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Simões, 1988
	DIF	Hot H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Croton oil ear edema test / External	Rat	Active	Simões et al., 1988
	DLF	EIOH (70%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Magalhaes et al., 1997
	DLF	EIOH (70%) Ext.	Yeast-induced inflammation of the paw / IP	Rat	Active	Viana et al., 1998
	DLF	MeOH Ext.	Zymosan-induced pedal edema	Mouse	Active	Pereira et al., 1999
	PHY	Dry extract	Carrageenan, Dextan and Histamine / **	Rat	Active	Santori et al., 2003
	APEO	Essential Oil	LPS-induced leukocyte recruitment / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Souza et al., 2003
	FhLF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Ruppelt et al., 1991
	DEP	Decoction	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Poli et al., 1992
	FhLF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragast.	Mouse	Weak activity	Ruppelt et al., 1991
	DLF	Butanol Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Moreira et al., 2000
	DLF	Dichloromethane Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Moreira et al., 2000
	DLF	EIOAC Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Moreira et al., 2000
	DLF	EIOH (100%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Moreira et al., 2000
	PHY	Dry extract	Carrageenan, Dextan and Histamine / **	Rat	Active	Santori et al., 2003
	DLF	Dichloromethanol Ext.	** / IP	Mouse	Active	De moura et al., 2002
	DLF	EIOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext.	Histamine-induced edema / SC	Rat	Inactive	Fierro et al., 1999
	DLF	EIOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext.	Serotonin-induced pleural edema / SC	Rat	Active	Fierro et al., 1999
	DLF	EIOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext.	PAF-induced edema / SC	Rat	Inactive	Fierro et al., 1999
	FhLF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragast.	Mouse	Weak activity	Ruppelt et al., 1991
	APEO	Essential Oil	LPS-induced leukocyte recruitment / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Souza et al., 2003
	DTW	Essential Oil	** / Gastric intubation	Mouse	Active	Menezes et al., 1990
	Bignoniaceae		Formalin-induced pedal edema / **	Rat	Active	Oga et al., 1969
	<i>Tribulus impetiginosus</i>	DBK				
			Croton oil-induced edema / External	Mouse	Active	Sertie et al., 1991

<i>Symptrium officinale</i>	DLF DLF	EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext.	Nystatin-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation Cold stress and carrageenin-induced edema combined / Gastric intubation	Rat Rat	Active Active	Sertie et al., 1991 Sertie et al., 1991	
	FhLF FhLF FhLF FhLF	EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext.	Cotton pellet granuloma / External Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Oral Cotton pellet granuloma / Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	Active Active Active Active	Basile et al., 1989 Basile et al., 1989 Sertie et al., 1988 Sertie et al., 1988	
<i>Maytenus aquifolium</i>	DLF DLF	Aqueous high seed natant Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat Rat	Inactive Active	Goldman et al., 1985 Kimura et al., 2000	
<i>Crasulaceae</i>	DLF FhLJ	Hydro-alcoholic Ext. Juice	Adjuvant-induced arthritis / Intragastric ** / IP	Rat Mouse	Active Active	Kimura et al., 2000 Ibrahim et al., 2000	
<i>Kalanchoe brasiliensis</i>	FhLF	Juice	Zymosan-induced inflammation/IP	Rat Mouse	Active Active	Ibrahim et al., 2002 Mourão et al., 1999	
<i>Cucurbitaceae</i>	DRT CHCl <sub>3</sub> Ext.	CHCl <sub>3</sub> Ext. CHCl <sub>3</sub> Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat Mouse	Active Inactive	Mourão et al., 1999	
<i>Cayaponia tajuya</i>	DRT DRT DRT DRT DRT	MeOH Ext. MeOH Ext. MeOH Ext. Infusion	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat Mouse Mouse Mouse	Weak activity Weak activity Weak activity Equivocal	Rios et al., 1990 Rios et al., 1990 Rios et al., 1990 Rios et al., 1990	
<i>Wilbrandia ebracteata</i>	DRT DRT DRT DRT DRT	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Ext. CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Ext. CHCl <sub>3</sub> Soluble Fraction CHCl <sub>3</sub> Soluble Fraction Chromatographic Fraction	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP Dye diffusion assay / Intragast.	Rat Rat Mouse Mouse Mouse	Weak activity Weak activity Weak activity Weak activity Equivocal	Peters et al., 1997 Peters et al., 1997 Peters et al., 1997 Peters et al., 1999 Peters et al., 1999	
<i>Wilbrandia species</i>	DRZ DRZ DRZ	EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext. EtOH (70%) Ext.	Acetic acid-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced granuloma / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat Rat Rat	Active Active Active	Almeida et al., 1992 Almeida et al., 1992 Almeida et al., 1992	
<i>Cyperaceae</i>	<i>Mariscus pedunculatus</i>	VN	LPS-induced pleurisy model / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Peters et al., 1999	
<i>Dilleniaceae</i>	<i>Curatella americana</i>	DSB	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Mouse	Active	Siani et al., 2001	
	DSB	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate (TPA) / IP	Mouse	Active	Alexandre-Moreira et al., 1999	
	DSB	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Capsaicin induced mouse ear edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Alexandre-Moreira et al., 1999	
	DSB	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Alexandre-Moreira et al., 1999	
	DSB	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Adjuvant-induced arthritis / IP	Rat	Active	Alexandre-Moreira et al., 1999	
<i>Erythroxylaceae</i>	<i>Erythroxylum argentum</i>	DLF	EtOH (70%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Chaves et al., 1988
<i>Euphorbiaceae</i>	<i>Croton cajucara</i>	BKEO	Essential Oil	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Chaves et al., 1988
				Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric			Bigetti et al., 1999

		BKEO	Essential Oil	Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Bighetti et al., 1999	
	<i>Croton celtidifolius</i>	DBK	Butanol Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	Butanol Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	EtOH Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	EtOH Ac Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	EtOH (80%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
		DBK	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Nardi et al., 2003	
	<i>Jatropha elliptica</i>	FhTB	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Trebien et al., 1988	
		FhTB	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Trebien et al., 1988	
		FhTB	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O (50%) Ext.	Serotonin-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Trebien et al., 1988	
	<i>Phyllanthus corcovadensis</i>	DLF + SM + RT	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Inactive	Gorski et al., 1993	
		DLF + SM + RT	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Inactive	Gorski et al., 1993	
	<i>Phyllanthus carolinensis</i>	DEP	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Formalin-induced pedal edema / IP	Mouse	Active	Filho et al., 1996	
	<i>Fabaceae</i>	Aphelia leiocarpa	FhBK + TG	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragastric.	Mouse	Active	Ruppelt et al., 1991
	<i>Bauhinia guianensis</i>	DSB	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edem/IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> Ext.	Histamine-induced edema /IP	Rat	Inactive	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	EtOH Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal ede /IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	EtOH Ac Ext.	Histamine-induced edema /IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	MeOH Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	MeOH Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSB	MeOH Ext.	Histamine-induced edema / IP	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
	<i>Copaifera caearensis</i>	DB	Oleoresin	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Fernandes et al., 1992	
	<i>Caesalpinia ferrea</i>	DFR	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1996	
	<i>Copaifera langsdorffii</i>	**	***	Carrageenan, Dextran, Prostagandin E2 / **	Rat	Active	Sarti et al. 1986	
	<i>Copaifera species</i>	OR	Oleoresin	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1988	
		OR	Oleoresin	Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1988	
		OR	Oleoresin	Histamine-induced vascular permeability / Intragastic	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1988	
	<i>Pterodon emarginatus</i>	DFR	Hexane Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
	<i>Pterodon pubescens</i>	DSD	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Collagen-induced arthritis / intragastric	Mouse	Active	Carvalho et al., 1999	
		DSD	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Experimental arthritis / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Coelho et al., 2001	
		**	**	Carrageenan, Dextran, Prostagandin E2 / **	Rat	Active	Sarti et al. 1986	
	<i>Marsypianthes chamaedrys</i>	FhLF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Ruppelt et al., 1991	
	<i>Strychnodendron adstringens</i>	DSB	**	Acetic acid induced vascular permeability / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Lima et al., 1998	
		DSB	Acetone Ext.	Rat pleurisy test results for leukocyte number and exudate volume / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Lima et al., 1998	
		DSB	Acetone Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Lima et al., 1998	

<i>Torresea cearensis</i>	DSB DSB DSB	Acetone Ext. Acetone Ext. **	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Adjuvant-induced arthritis / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat Rat Rat	Active Weak activity Active	Lima et al., 1998 Lima et al., 1998 Leal et al., 1997
<i>Flacourtiaceae</i> <i>Cassearia syvestris</i>	FhBK + LF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragastric	Mouse	Weak activity	Ruppelt et al., 1991
<i>Laminiaceae</i> <i>Hyptis pectinata</i>	DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Arachidonic acid-induced edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Bispo et al., 2001
<i>Raphiodon echinus</i>	DLF DAP	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext. H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Acetic acid-induced dye diffusion / Intragastric	Rat Mouse	Active Active	Bispo et al., 2001 Menezes et al., 1998
<i>Magnoliaceae</i> <i>Tatiauma ovata</i>	DLF	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Inactive	Morato et al., 1989
<i>Malvaceae</i> <i>Sida cordifolia</i>	DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Franzotti et al., 2000
<i>Meliaceae</i> <i>Guarea guidonia</i>	SD	EtOH (90%) Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation	Rat	Active	Oga et al., 1981
<i>Menispermaceae</i> <i>Chrysanthus sympodioides</i>	DLF DLF DLF	EtOH (90%) Ext. EtOH (80%) Ext. EtOH (80%) Ext.	Cotton pellet granuloma / Gastric intubation 12-O-tetradecanoylphorbol-13-acetate (TPA) / IP Capsaicin induced edema / IP Carrageenan-induced edema / IP	Rat Mouse Mouse Rat	Active Active Active	Batista Lima et al., 2001 Batista Lima et al., 2001 Batista Lima et al., 2001
<i>Moraceae</i> <i>Dorstenia brasiliensis</i>	FhRF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragastric	Mouse	Weak Activity	Ruppelt et al., 1991
<i>Mirtaceae</i> <i>Eugenia uniflora</i>	DLF FhLF FhLF FhLF	EtOH (100%) Ext. Infusion Decoction EtOH (100%) Ext. Infusion Essential Oil	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat Rat Rat Rat Rat	Inactive Inactive Active Strong activity Active	Schapoval et al., 1994 Schapoval et al., 1994 Schapoval et al., 1994 Schapoval et al., 1994 Schapoval et al., 1994 Santos et al., 1997
<i>Psiadium guineense</i>	DBK	**	** / Oral	Human	Active	Dirsch et al., 1992
<i>Olaeaceae</i> <i>Heisteria pallida</i>	DRT	EtOH (70%) Ext.	Croton oil-induced irritation / External	Rat	Active	Germano et al., 1993
<i>Phytolaccaceae</i> <i>Petiveria alliacea</i>	DRT	EtOH (70%) Ext. Hydro-alcoholic Ext. Hydro-alcoholic Ext. Hydro-alcoholic Ext. Lyophilized Ext.	Cotton pellet granuloma / External Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric Nystatin induced edema / Intragastric Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat Rat Rat Rat	Active Weak activity Active Active	Germano et al., 1993 Germano et al., 1995 Germano et al., 1995 Germano et al., 1995 Lopes Martins et al., 2002
<i>Piperaceae</i> <i>Piper marginatum</i>	DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carrageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	D'Angelo et al., 1997

<i>Plantaginaceae</i>	<i>Plantago australis</i>	DFR	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Palmeiro et al., 2002
		DLF	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Palmeiro et al., 2002
		DRT	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Palmeiro et al., 2002
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	** / External	Mouse	Inactive	Guillen et al., 1997
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Croton oil-induced edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Weak activity	Guillen et al., 1997
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carageenan-induced pleurisy / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Guillen et al., 1997
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Guillen et al., 1997
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Guillen et al., 1997
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Croton oil granuloma pouch / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Guillen et al., 1997
<i>Polygonaceae</i>	<i>Polygonum punctatum</i>	DEP	Decotion	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric Intubation	Rat	Active	Oliveira Simões et al., 1989
		DEP	Decotion	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Inactive	Oliveira Simões et al., 1989
		DEP	EtOH-H <sub>2</sub> O(1:1) Ext	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation	Rat	Active	Oliveira Simões et al., 1989
		FhRT	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragast.	Mouse	Active	Ruppelt et al., 1991
<i>Rubiaceae</i>	<i>Chiococca brachiatia</i>	DSB	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	De Almeida et al., 1991
		DRB	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Gastric intubation	Rat	Active	Almeida et al., 1985
<i>Contarrea hexandra</i>					Rat	Inactive	Freire et al., 1993
<i>Sapotaceae</i>	<i>Bunedia sartorii</i>	DEP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Cotton pellet granuloma / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Freire et al., 1993
		DEP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Freire et al., 1993
		DEP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Ruppelt et al., 1991
<i>Scrophulariaceae</i>	<i>Scoparia dulcis</i>	FhLF	Infusion	Dye diffusion assay / Intragast.	Mouse	Active	Iyer et al., 1978
		RT	CHCl <sub>3</sub> Ext.	** / Oral	Rat	Active	Iyer et al., 1977
		RT	MeOH Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Oral	Rat	Active	Iyer et al., 1977
<i>Solanaceae</i>	<i>Brunfelsia uniflora</i>	DAP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Costa et al., 2003
		DAP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Histamine-induced edema /	Mouse	Active	Costa et al., 2003
		DAP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	5-HT-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Costa et al., 2003
		DLF	H <sub>2</sub> O Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / **	Rat	Active	Deleporte et al., 2001
		DLF	Butanol Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	Rat	Active	Schapoval et al., 1998
		DLF	Butanol Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / IP	<i>Sabellinus alpinus</i>	Weak activity	Schapoval et al., 1998
		DLF	EtOH (70%) Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Schapoval et al., 1998
		DLF	Infusion	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Schapoval et al., 1998
<i>Verbenaceae</i>	<i>Bouchetia fluminensis</i>	DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Dextran-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Equivocal	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DAP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	Histamine-induced edema /	Mouse	Active	Costa et al., 1997
		DAP	EtOH (95%) Ext.	5-HT-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Mouse	Active	Costa et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Bradykinin-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	PAF-acether induced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Substance produced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Ovalbumine induced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Tratsk et al., 1997
<i>Winteraceae</i>	<i>Drymisis winteri</i>						
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	PGE <sub>2</sub> induced paw or edema / Intragastric	Rat	Inactive	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Histamine-induced edema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Carageenan-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Bradykinin-induced pedal edema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	PAF-acether induced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Substance produced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Weak activity	Tratsk et al., 1997
		DBK	Hydro-alcoholic Ext.	Ovalbumine induced paw oedema / Intragastric	Rat	Active	Tratsk et al., 1997

\*\* Date incomplete derived from an abstract; APEO, aerial parts essential oil; BKEO, bark essential oil; DBK, dried bark; DDF, dried entire plant; DFR, dried fruit; DIF, dried leaf; DRB, dried rootbark; DRT, dried root; DRZ, dried rhizome; DSB, dried stembank; FhLEO, fresh leaf essential oil; FhLF, fresh leaf juice; FhRT, fresh root; FhTB, fresh tuber; FNZR, frozen rhizome; LF, leaf; LX, latex; OR, oleoresin; PHY, Phytocomplex composed by dry extracts; RT, root; SB, stembank; SD, seed; SM, stem; TG, twigs; VN, venom.

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