Crohn's disease update

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1. The following are clinical characteristics associated with Crohn's disease, except:

- a. Conjunctivitis or uveitis can be associated manifestations
- b. Ulcerative rectocolitis is part of the differential diagnosis
- c. Toxic megacolon is frequent and self-limited
- d. Acute ileitis must be differentiated from acute appendicitis

2. The main indication for the use of nuclear magnetic resonance is:

- a. Detection of anal fistulas
- b. Guide the biopsies
- c. Make the differential diagnosis with ulcerative rectocolitis
- d. It is indicated mainly in crises and exacerbations

3. Regarding Crohn's Disease Activity Index or CDAI, it is a true that:

- a. It is considered in remission when the index is < 150
- b. It is considered severe when the index is > 150
- c. It is considered mild when the index is < 450
- d. It is considered moderate when the index is > 220

4. The following is correct on the treatment of Crohn's disease:

- a. Ileocecal disease can be treated with mesalazine (oral route) at a dose of 3 to 4 g/day
- b. Colitis must be primarily treated with immunosuppressive agents
- c. Corticosteroids must be associated with salicylates
- d. Metronidazole should never be used before corticosteroids

5. The maintenance treatment of the disease must be carried out:

- a. In all patients
- b. Only in patients with anal fistulas
- c. In patients submitted to corticoid therapy
- d. Only after the first symptom episode

RESPONSES TO CLINICAL SCENARIO: BODERLINE DONORS IN LIVER TRANSPLANTATION [PUBLISHED IN RAMB 2011; 57(1)]

- 1. Those aged < 30 years. (Alternative A)
- 2. The possibility of using a living donor with comparable results regarding graft and receptor survival. (Alternative D)
- 3. The infection by cytomegalovirus is common in the postoperative period of liver transplant. (Alternative A)
- 4. The use of anti-HBc positive grafts in seropositive recipients does not alter survival in these receptors. (Alternative B)
- 5. The presence of ascites can increase the margin of safety to use larger grafts. (Alternative B)